

Your Program

2021 Bayer Peanut Disease Risk Spray Schedules



Field Name:		Planting Date:							
Days after planting:	Plant	15	30	45	60	75	90	105	120
Disease Timeline	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Low Risk		ABSOL MA 3.5 - or - Chlorothalo	oz	28 Days	PROVOST° SILVER 13 oz	28 Days	PROVOST° SILVER 13 oz	28 Days	Chlorothalonil 1.5 pt
Moderate Risk	5.7 oz in-Furrow OR VELUM 5 - 6.84 oz in-Furrow	45 Days	→	ABSOLUTE MAXX 3.5 oz	PROVOST° SILVER 13 oz	Convoy -	- Chlorothalonil OR Elatus 21 Days	PROVOST° SILVER 13 oz	Chlorothalonil lays 1.5 pt
High Risk	5.7 oz in-Furrow OR VELUM 5 – 6.84 oz in-Furrow	45 Days	→	ABSOLUTE MAXX 3.5 oz	4 Days Elatus OR Convoy 14	PROVOST SILVER 13 oz	Convoy + Chlorothald OR 4 Days Elatus 14	onil PROVOST SILVER	Chlorothalon 1.5 pt
CBR Program*	PROPULSE 13.6 oz	45 Days	→	ABSOLUTE MAXX 3.5 oz	PROVOST° SILVER	Convoy + Chlorothal OR Elatus	onil PROVOST° SILVER 4 Days 13 oz	Convoy + Chlorothal OR Days Elatus	onil Chlorothalor
Dua	VELUM 5 - 6.84 oz In-Furrow	45 Days	→	ABSOLUTE MAXX 3.5 oz	PROPULSE 14 Days 13.6 oz 14	PROVOST SILVER Days 13 oz	Convoy + Chlorothalor OR 4 Days Elatus 14	PROVOST* SILVER 13 oz	Chlorothalon 1.5 pt

See reverse side to assess your Peanut Disease Risk Index

Programs developed with the cooperation of:









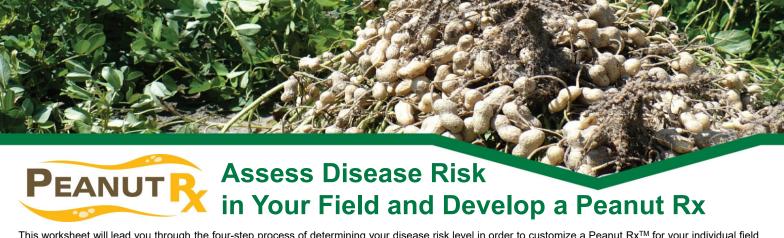


Under Peanut Rx, Bayer brand fungicides are the only fungicides that may be used in a grower program to qualify for Bayer standard product performance protection.

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^{*} Fields with a history of or threat from Cylindrocladium Black Rot (CBR) should use the Bayer CBR disease management program coupled with a CBR resistant peanut variety.



This worksheet will lead you through the four-step process of determining your disease risk level in order to customize a Peanut RxTM for your individual field. Use the reverse side of this worksheet with the assistance of your Bayer representative to develop a program specifically for your field.

For each of the risk index factors, identify which option best describes the situation in your field and add the index value associated with each choice to obtain your overall disease risk value. This worksheet does not contain all of the notes that accompany each factor included in the 2021 Peanut Rx. To view the complete 2021 Peanut Rx, visit the University of Georgia peanut web site at www.ugapeanuts.com.

Step 1: Assess Your Disease Risk

	TSWV	Leaf Spot	Soilborne Dis	ease Points	
	Points	Points	White Mold	Limb Rot	
Variety Selection					
AU NPL 17 ^{1,2}	10	15	15	NA	
Bailey ³	10	25	10	NA	
Florida Fancy ²	25	20	20	NA	
FloRun™ '331'2	15	20	15	NA	
Georgia-06G	10	20	20	NA	
Georgia-07W	10	20	15	NA	
Georgia-09B ²	20	25	25	NA	
Georgia-12Y ⁵	5	15	10	NA	
Georgia-14N ^{2,4}	5	15	15	NA	
Georgia-16HO ²	10	25	20	NA	
Georgia-18RU ¹	10	25	20	NA	
Georgia Green	30	20	25	NA	
Sullivan ^{1,2}	10	25	15	NA	
Tiftguard ⁵	10	15	15	NA	
TifNV-HiOL ^{2,4}	5	15	15	NA	
TUFRunner™ '297'2	10	25	20	NA	
TUFRunner™ '511'2	20	30	15	NA	
Planting Date					
Prior to May 1	30	0	10	0	
May 1 – May 10	15	5	5	0	
May 11 – May 31	5	10	0	0	
June 1 – June 10	10	15	0	5	
After June 10	15	15	0	5	
Plant Population (final stand, r					
Less than 3 plants per foot	25	NA	0	NA	
3 to 4 plants per foot (for varieties with spotted wilt points greater than 25)	15	NA	0	NA	
3 to 4 plants per foot (for varieties with spotted wilt points less than 25)	10	NA	0	NA	
More than 4 plants per foot	5	NA	5	NA	
At-Plant Insecticide					
None	15	5	NA	NA	
Other than Thimet 20G	15	5	NA	NA	
Velum Total	15	0	NA	NA	
Thimet 20G	5	0	NA	NA	
Row Pattern					
Single rows	10	0	5	0	
Twin rows	5	0	0	0	
Tillage					
Conventional	15	10	0	0	
Reduced	5	0	5	5	
Classic Herbicide					
Classic applied	5	NA	NA	NA	
No Classic applied	0	NA	NA	NA	

¹Adequate research data is not available for all varieties with regards to all diseases. Additional varieties will be included as data to support the assignment of an index value are available.

²High oleic variety.

	TSWV	Leaf Spot	Soilborne Di	sease Points			
	Points	Points	White Mold	Limb Rot			
Crop Rotation with a Non-Legume Crop							
0	NA	25	25	20			
1	NA	15	20	15			
2	NA	10	10	10			
3 or more	NA	5	5	5			
Field History							
No	NA	0	0	0			
Yes	NA	10	15	10			
Irrigation							
No	NA	0	0	0			
Yes	NA	10	5	10			

Step 2: Calculate Your Severity Points

Fill in following table to calculate your severity points for each of the four major peanut diseases given the 10 determining factors. Total each column to establish your disease index values

Calculate Your Risk						
Add your index values for each determining factor below:	TSWV Points	Leaf Spot Points	White Mold Points	Limb Rot Points		
Peanut Variety						
Planting Date						
Plant Population						
At-Plant Insecticide						
Row Pattern						
Tillage						
Classic Herbicide						
Crop Rotation						
Field History						
Irrigation						
Your Total Index Value						

Step 3: Interpret Your Index Values

Once you've calculated your index values, utilize the table below to interpret your risk level.

Risk Index Category						
Risk Category:	TSWV Points	Leaf Spot Points	White Mold Points	Limb Rot Points		
High Risk	≥ 115	65-100	55-80	TBD		
Moderate Risk	70-110	40-60	30-50	TBD		
Low Risk	≤65	10-35	10-25	TBD		

In a year when tomato spotted wilt virus incidence is high statewide or in your region, even fields with a low risk level may experience significant losses. Consider the following recommendations to reduce your spotted wilt risk level: 1 - Use less susceptible varieties. 2 - Adjust your planting date. 3 - Consult the complete Peanut Rx for additional options that may provide limited benefit.

Step 4: Develop your Peanut Rx

Once you have calculated your total risk for each peanut disease, utilize the most conservative fungicide program as your guide for customizing a per field prescription spray program with the assistance of your Bayer CropScience representative. Bayer CropScience recommended disease risk spray schedules for each risk level are included on the reverse side of this worksheet.



³ Variety Bailey have increased resistance to Cylindrocladium black rot (CBR) than do other varieties commonly

planted in Georgia.

*Tifguard and Georgia 14-N have excellent resistance to the peanut root-knot nematode.

*Georgia-12Y appears to have increased risk to Rhizoctonia limb rot and precautions should be taken to protect against this disease.