Disease Risk Fungicide Schedule



Application Timing

Disease Risk	45 Days after Planting	60 Days after Planting	75 Days after Planting	90 Days after Planting	105 Days after Planting	120 Days after Planting
Low	Priaxor Xemium® Brand Fungicide 6 fl oz/A	Provysol** Fungicide 3 fl oz/A + Tebuconazole	Priaxor*** Xemium® Brand Fungicide 6 fl oz/A	Provysol [®] ^{Fungicide} 3 fl oz/A + Tebuconazole	Provysol [®] ^{Fungicide} 3 fl oz/A + Chlorotalonil	Chlorothanlonil
	FRAC 7 + 11	FRAC 3	FRAC 7 + 11	FRAC 3	FRAC M5 + 3	FRAC M5
Moderate	Priaxor [®] Xemium [®] Brand Fungicide 6 fl oz/A	Provysol [®] ^{Fungicide} 5 fl oz/A + Tebuconazole	Priaxor [®] Xemium [®] Brand Fungicide 8 fl oz/A	Provysol [®] ^{Fungicide} 5 fl oz/A + Tebuconazole	Chlorothanlonil + Tebuconazole	Chlorothanlonil
	FRAC 7 + 11	FRAC 3	FRAC 7 + 11	FRAC 3	FRAC M5 + 3	FRAC M5
High (Option 1)	Priaxor [®] Xemium [®] Brand Fungicide 6 fl oz/A	Provysol [®] ^{Fungicide} 5 fl oz/A + White Mold Option	Priaxor [•] Xemium [®] Brand Fungicide 8 fl oz/A	Provysol [®] Fungicide 5 fl oz/A + White Mold Option	Chlorothanlonil + Tebuconazole	Chlorothanlonil
	FRAC 7 + 11	FRAC 3 + 7	FRAC 7 + 11	FRAC 3 + 7	FRAC M5 + 3	FRAC M5
High (Option 2)	Priaxor [•] Xemium [®] Brand Fungicide 6 fl oz/A	Chlorothanlonil + White Mold Option	Provysol [®] Fungicide 5 fl oz/A + Tebuconazole	Chlorothanlonil + White Mold Option	Provysol [®] Fungicide 5 fl oz/A + Tebuconazole	Chlorothanlonil
	FRAC 7 + 11	FRAC M5 + 7	FRAC 3	FRAC M5 + 7	FRAC 3	FRAC M5

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* Provysol[®] fungicide provides white mold suppression at 5 fl oz/A or greater.

** Priaxor[®] fungicide 8 fl oz/A required for white mold control.

Priaxor and Provysol fungicide applications must be at least 14 days prior to harvest.

Always read and follow label directions.

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Assess Disease Risk in Your Field and Develop a Peanut Rx

This worksheet will lead you through the four-step process of determining your disease risk level in order to customize a Peanut Rx for your individual field using the reverse side of this worksheet and with the assistance of your BASF representative.

For each of the risk index factors, indentify which option best describes the situation for your field and add the index value associated with each choice to obtain your overall disease risk value. This worksheet does not contain all of the varieties included in the 2019 Peanut Rx or the notes that accompany each factor. To view the complete 2019 Peanut Rx, visit the University of Georgia peanut website at **www.ugapeanutteam.com**.

Assess Your Disease Risk

Variety Selection				
Variety ¹	Spotted Wilt	Leaf Spot	Soilborne Disease Point	
	FUIIIIS	FUIILS	White Mold	
AU NPL 172	10	15	15	
Bailey ³	10	25	10	
Florida Fancy ²	25	20	20	
FloRun [™] 331 ²	15	20	15	
Georgia-06G	10	20	20	
Georgia-07W	10	20	15	
Georgia-09B ²	20	25	25	
Georgia-12Y5	5	15	10	
Georgia-14N ^{2,4}	5	15	15	
Georgia-16HO ²	10	25	20	
Georgia-18RU1	10	25	20	
Georgia Green	30	20	25	
Sullivan ²	10	25	15	
Tifguard ⁴	10	15	15	
TifNV-HiOL ^{2,4}	5	15	15	
TUFRunner [™] 297 ²	10	25	20	
TUFRunner [™] 511 ²	20	30	15	

Planting Date						
Peanuts are	Spotted Wilt	Leaf Spot	Soilborne Disease Points			
planted:	Points	Points	White Mold	Limb Rot		
Prior to May 1	30	0	10	0		
May 1 to May 10	15	5	5	0		
May 11 to May 25	5	10	0	0		
May 26 to June 10	10	15	0	5		
After June 10	15	15	0	5		

Plant Population (final stand, not seeding rate)					
Plant stands	Spotted Wilt	Leaf Spot	Soilborne Disease Points		
Fidilt Stallu.	Points	Points	White Mold	Limb Rot	
Less than 3 plants/ft	25	NA	0	NA	
3 to 4 plants/ft (3)	10 (15)	NA	0 (0)	NA	
More than 4 plants/ft	5	NA	5	NA	

At-plant Insecticide						
Incontinido unod	Spotted Wilt	Leaf Spot	Soilborne Disease Points			
insecticide used	Points	Points	White Mold	Limb Rot		
None	15	5	NA	NA		
Other than Thimet [®] 20G	15	5	NA	NA		
Velum Total	15	0	NA	NA		
Thimet 20G	5	0	NA	NA		

Row Pattern							
Peanuts are	Spotted Wilt	Leaf Spot	Soilborne Disease Point				
planted in:	Points	Points	White Mold	Limb Rot			
Single rows	10	0	5	0			
Twin rows	5	0	0	0			

Tillage						
Tillogo turo	Spotted Wilt	Leaf Spot	Soilborne Disease Points			
Tillage type	Points	Points	White Mold	Limb Rot		
Conventional	15	10	0	0		
Reduced	5	0	5	5		

Classic[®] Herbicide Soilborne Disease Points Spotted Wilt Leaf Spot Classic usage Points Points Limb White Mold Rot Classic applied 5 NA NA NA No Classic applied 0 NA NA NA

Crop Rotation (with a non-legume crop) Soilborne Disease Points Spotted Wilt Leaf Spot Years between peanut crop Points Points Limb White Mold Rot 0 NA 25 25 20 NA 15 20 15 1 2 NA 10 10 10 3 or more NA 5 5 5

Field History						
Have you had a	Spotted Wilt	Leaf Spot	Soilborne Disease Points			
these diseases?	Points	Points	White Mold	Limb Rot		
No	NA	0	0	0		
Yes	NA	10	15	10		

Irrigation					
Does the field	Spotted Wilt	Leaf Spot	Soilborne Disease Points		
receive irrigation?	Points	Points	White Mold	Limb Rot	
No	NA	0	0	0	
Yes	NA	10	5	10	

Develop Your Peanut Rx

Once you have calculated your total risk for each fungal disease, utilize the most conservative fungicide program as your guide for customizing a per-field prescription spray program.

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Calculate Your Severity Points

Fill in the following table to calculate your severity points for each of the four major peanut diseases given the 10 determining factors. Total each colum to establish your disease index values.

	Spotted Wilt	Leaf Spot	White Mold	<i>Rhizoctonia</i> Limb Rot
Variety				
Planting Date				
Plant Population				
At-plant Insecticide				
Row Pattern				
Tillage				
Classic Herbicide				
Crop Rotation				
Field History				
Irrigation				
Total Index Value				

Interpret Your Risk Total

Point total range for tomato spotted wilt = 35-155. Point total range for leaf spot = 10-105. Point total range for white mold = 10-95. Point total range for Rhizoctonia limb rot = 15-75.

	Spotted Wilt	Leaf Spot	Soilborne Dis	ease Point	
	Points	Points 65-105	White Mold	Limb Rot	
High Risk	≥ 115	65-105	55-80	TBD	
High Risk for fungal diseases: Growers should always use full fungicide input program in a high-risk situation.					
Moderate Risk	70-110	40-60	30-58	TBD	
Medium Risk for fu standard fungicide	ngal diseases: Gr programs. Reduc	owers can expec ted fungicide pro	t better performar grams in researcl	nce from h studies	

disease spread ≤ 65 Low Risk 10-35 10-25 TRD

Low Risk for fungal diseases: These fields are likely to have the least impact from fungal disease. Growers have made the management decisions which offer maximum benefit in reducing the potential for severe disease; these fields are strong candidates for modified disease management programs that require a reduced number of fungicide application.

When tomato spotted wilt virus incidence is high statewide or in your region, even fields with a low risk level may experience significant losses.

Consider the following recommendations to reduce your spotted wilt risk level:

- Use less susceptible varieties
- Adjust your planting date
- Consult the complete Peanut Rx for additional options that may also provide limited benefit
- 1 Adequate research data is not available for all varieties with regards to all diseases. Additional varieties will be included as data to support the assignment of an index value are avilable.
- 2 High oleic variety
- 3 Bailey has increased resistance to Cylindrocladium black rot (CBR) compared to other varieties commonly planted in Georgia
- 4 Tifguard, TifNV-HiOL and Georgia 14-N have excellent resistance to the peanut root-knot nematode.
- 5 Georgia-12Y appears to have increased risk to Rhizoctonia limb rot and precautions should be taken to protect against this disease





No	NA	0	0	
Yes	NA	10	15	
Irrigation				
Does the field	Spotted Wilt	Leaf Spot	Soilborne Di Points	
receive irrigation?	Points	Points	White Mold	
No	NA	0	0	