

# **United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service**

# **Georgia Crop Progress** and Condition Report



Cooperating with the Georgia Department of Agriculture and the Cooperative Extension Service
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This report contains data collected each week from respondents across the state whose occupations provide them opportunities to discuss agricultural production with farmers in their counties as well as to make visual observations. We thank all who have contributed to this report.

May 23, 2022 Media Contact: Anthony Prillaman

#### General

According to the National Agricultural Statistics Service in Georgia, there were 6.4 days suitable for fieldwork for the week ending Sunday, May 22, 2022. Precipitation for the state ranged from no rain to 2.1 inches. Average high temperatures ranged from the low 80s to the low 90s. Average low temperatures ranged from the mid 50s to the low 70s.

### Crops

Dry conditions persisted across the state for most of the week. Some areas received much needed rain over the weekend. According to the U.S. Drought Monitor, most of the state was experiencing abnormally dry conditions while southeast Georgia and parts of central Georgia saw moderate to severe drought. Growers in southeast Georgia reported that they stopped planting row crops due to the lack of soil moisture, and that dryland crops were suffering from heat and lack of rain.

Corn fields began to tassel, and some were silking. Irrigated corn fields continued to be in good condition, but dryland corn was noted to be stressed and in need of rain. Cotton, peanut, and soybean planting continued, and soil moisture was a severely limiting factor in some areas. Pivots were being used to irrigate cotton fields to get a good stand. Early peanut stands were reported to be good as planting proceeded. Hay cutting continued to progress with dry conditions allowing fields to be cut and baled. Wheat harvest continued as fields finished drying down. Peach harvest began in many areas but is not expected to ramp up until early June.

#### **Livestock and Pastures**

Livestock were generally in good condition throughout the state. Pasture conditions continued declining with the lack of rain, high temperatures and low humidity.

## **Crop Progress for Week Ending 05/22/22**

Crop stage	Prev year	Prev week	This week	5 Year avg
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Blueberries – Harvested	59	56	76	66
Corn – Silking	4	NA	4	8
Cotton – Planted	58	39	59	60
Hay – First Cutting	72	55	70	73
Oats – Harvested	36	13	32	33
Onions – Harvested	94	94	98	94
Peaches – Harvested	12	2	8	13
Peanuts – Planted	63	48	71	68
Soybeans – Planted	48	31	41	41
Soybeans – Emerged	28	10	25	23
Winter wheat – Harvested	29	15	29	30

(NA) Not available

## Conditions for Week Ending 05/22/22

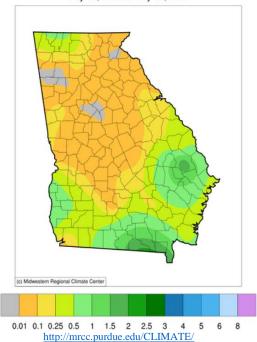
Crop	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Cattle	1	5	23	62	9
Corn	1	7	30	56	6
Oats	1	6	38	53	2
Pasture and range	3	15	39	38	5
Peaches	0	0	6	59	35
Tobacco	0	0	51	45	4
Winter wheat	1	3	37	55	4

### Soil Moisture for Week Ending 05/22/22

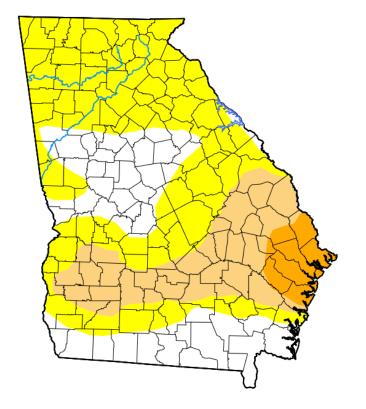
Topsoil	Previous week	This week	
	(percent)	(percent)	
Very short	18	20	
Short	44	45	
Adequate	36	33	
Surplus	2	2	
Subsoil	Previous week	This week	
	(percent)	(percent)	
Very short	13	13	
Short	43	45	
Adequate	43	40	
Surplus	1	2	

## Accumulated Precipitation (in)

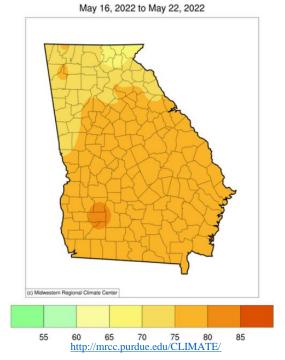
May 16, 2022 to May 22, 2022



U.S. Drought Monitor
Georgia



## Average Temperature (°F)



# May 17, 2022

(Released Thursday, May. 19, 2022) Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	26.74	73.26	24.80	4.99	0.00	0.00
Last Week 05-10-2022	58.09	41.91	24.80	1.52	0.00	0.00
3 Months Ago 02-15-2022	80.37	19.63	1.66	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-04-2022	97.01	2.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-28-2021	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago 05-18-2021	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

#### Intensity:



The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

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droughtmonitor.unl.edu